

In the Claims

9. (currently amended) A method for producing a foam body part having at least one adhesive closing part with adhering elements, comprising the steps of:

arranging an adhesive closing part in a foaming mold for forming a foamed body part, the adhesive closing part having first and second opposite surfaces and having adhering elements extending from said first surface;

protecting the adhering elements on the adhesive closing part against penetration of foam by arranging a foam-inhibiting covering on said second surface of the adhesive closing part to be remote from the adhering elements, the foam-inhibiting covering having a predetermined peripheral border width overlapping and extending beyond a surface area of the adhering elements; and

bringing the foam-inhibiting covering into detachable contact with parts of the foaming mold by permanent magnets in parts of the foaming mold attracting a ferromagnetic coating with ferromagnetic substances admixed therein ~~extending throughout the entire length and width of~~ on the foam-inhibiting covering, the permanent magnets being placed laterally about a periphery of a portion of the foaming mold receiving the adhering elements of the adhesive closing part to cooperate with the peripheral border of the covering overlapping the surface area of the adhering elements.

10. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein
the ferromagnetic coating is polyurethane with added iron particles.

11. (previously presented) A method according to claim 10 wherein
an adhesive layer connects the covering element to the adhesive closing part.
12. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein
the foam-inhibiting covering has a synthetic resin layer and a layer containing
ferromagnetic substances, and forms an adhesive base of the adhesive closing part.
13. (previously presented) A method according to claim 12 wherein
the synthetic resin layer is a polyurethane layer.
14. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein
the foam-inhibiting covering comprises a piece of felt laid in a lamina on the adhesive
closing part.
15. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein
the foam-inhibiting covering comprises a fleece laid in a lamina on the adhesive closing
part.
16. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein
the adhering elements are received in a recess in the foaming mold; and
the border of the foam-inhibiting covering overlaps the recess.

17. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein

to form the foam body part with a channel within which the adhesive closing part is received, the adhesive closing part is received in a recess in a mold part entirely inserted in the foaming mold; and

permanent magnets on the mold part hold the foam-inhibiting covering with the border of the covering overlapping the recess during a foaming process.

18. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein

a foam body part is formed in the foaming mold with the adhesive closing part inserted in the foamed body part;

the adhesive closing part forms part of a holder for releasable contact thereof on the foaming mold; and

the foam-inhibiting covering has a fleece or felt laminate on the adhesive closing part

19. (previously presented) A method for producing a foam body part having at least one adhesive closing part with adhering elements, comprising the steps of

arranging an adhesive closing part in a foaming mold for forming a foamed body part, the adhesive closing part having first and second opposite surfaces and having adhering elements extending from said first surface;

protecting the adhering elements on the adhesive closing part against penetration of foam by arranging a foam-inhibiting covering said second surface of the adhesive closing part to be remote from the adhering elements, the foam-inhibiting covering having a predetermined

peripheral border width overlapping and extending beyond a surface area of the adhering elements and having a felt or fleece lamina thereon; and

bringing the foam-inhibiting covering into detachable contact with parts of the foaming mold by permanent magnets in parts of the foaming mold attracting a ferromagnetic coating on the foam-inhibiting covering, the permanent magnets being placed laterally about a periphery of a portion of the mold receiving the adhering elements of the adhesive closing part to cooperate with the peripheral border of the covering overlapping the surface area of the adhering elements.